

One step won't take you very far—
You've got to keep on walking.
One word won't tell folks who you are
You've got to keep on talking.
One inch won't make you very tall—
You've got to keep on growing.
One little seed won't make a bush
You've got to keep them going.
—Exchange.

THE SALT LAKE HERALD

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Weather—Sunday,
Fair.

Metal Market.

Silver, 50 1/2 per ounce.
Copper (cathodes), 12 1/2 per pound.
Lead, \$4.00 per 100 pounds.

SECOND DAY OF TAFT IN OFFICE

Several Important Matters At-
tended to and Then Hand-
shaking Began.

NEW PRESIDENT IS SLOW
CANNOT WORK OFF A CROWD OF
CALLERS QUICKLY.

Washington, March 6.—All but two of the nine members of President Taft's cabinet are now in office. Six, including Secretaries Knox, Meyer, Bullinger, Wilson and Nagel and Postmaster General Hitchcock, took the oath of office in the cabinet room today. Attorney General Wickersham was sworn in yesterday and Secretary Dickinson and Secretary MacVeagh will present themselves for duty within a week or so.

President Taft has issued a proclamation calling congress in extraordinary session March 15. While there was nothing in the call which hinted as to the purpose of the session, its object has heretofore been stated to be to revise the tariff and transact no other business.

Public Demands a Change.
The weather calamity which overtook the national capital on inauguration day, however, has created such a public demand for a change of date for the inauguration that the prediction of congressional action on this question seems to be general.

The continued existence of the national conservation commission seems to be assured, notwithstanding the action of congress, which has been interested to discontinue the continuance of this body.

The president today conferred with the committee of representatives of the national and state bodies of this organization. The position of the executive is said to be that the commission was appointed by President Roosevelt as a consulting body on the question of conservation of the natural resources of the country, and that the states indicated their willingness to co-operate by appointing consulting committees. That such an arrangement was made without congressional approval and without federal expense seems to be the decision reached.

Day of Handshaking.
President Taft's second day at the White house was one of handshaking and glad words. Delegation after delegation of his callers and insist on the art of "mixing" were demonstrated to be different from those of President Roosevelt. Mr. Taft takes more time than did his predecessor in making the acquaintance of his callers and insists on knowing not only their full names, but their residence and matters of family history. The result is said to be that it requires as much time for him to meet ten men as it did for Mr. Roosevelt to greet a hundred.

The ceremony of administering the oath of office to the six new cabinet members took place in the White house today, which was performed by Chief Justice Fuller, was witnessed by President Taft. The incident recalled to the new president the incident of his own oath at the inauguration. The chief justice in reading the oath obligated Mr. Taft "to faithfully execute the constitution." Instead of "the office of president," this slip has been the subject of much pleasantry between Mr. Taft and his secretary of state, who, it is said, remarked at the time in an undertone to Mr. Taft, "Don't do it."

Conference With Correspondents.
Mr. Taft had his first conference as president with the corps of Washington newspaper correspondents at the close of the day. He greeted the score or more men personally, and stated that in fairness to himself he would not be quoted in the public prints in any case except in formal statements.

William Loeb, Jr., whose nomination to be collector of the port of New York was confirmed by the senate today, was presented with a silver loving cup of heroic design by the official staff of the White house.

Members of the Taft family who are in the city dined at the White house tonight as the guests of the president and Mrs. Taft.

Secretary Cortelyou announced tonight that he expected to reach Washington tomorrow to reach Washington some time Sunday, and that the treasury portfolio would be transferred to him on Monday next.

SWEEP AWAY BY FLOOD.
Paris, S. D., March 6.—Mrs. Herman Pelkens and three little children were drowned while trying to drive across the Vermillion river last night. They were swept from the bridge by the flood.

ARGUMENTS TO BEGIN MONDAY

Evidence All in and the End of
the Cooper Murder Trial
Is Approaching.

CASE BITTERLY FOUGHT
NO INKLING AS TO SENTIMENT
REGARDING THE OUTCOME.

Nashville, March 6.—Both sides in the Cooper-Sharpe murder trial rested today, and court adjourned till Monday, when the arguments will begin.

Nashville, March 6.—The state rested in the Cooper-Sharpe murder trial just before the noon hour today.

During the morning the state called C. H. Farrell, employed in the Tennessee army, who in the forenoon of the killing saw Carmack go into the drug store across the street. He went to the store a moment later.

"Was Carmack in the business office before he left the building that afternoon," asked General Garner.

"He was not,"

"How long were you there?"

"From 1 p. m. that day on."

The witness impeached S. J. Binning, the defense's mysterious red-bearded man, who swore he saw Carmack in the business office of the Tennessee that afternoon. Binning was arrested last night for alleged perjury.

General Washington made efforts today to confuse Farrell, but failed.

Carmack Was Calm.
Mrs. G. H. Williams saw Senator Carmack at Church street, near Seventh avenue, a few moments before he was killed. He helped her on the car.

"What was his manner?"

"Very calm and pleasant. He said he was going home."

"How long after his leaving you did you hear of his death?"

"About twenty minutes."

After the state had rested the defense called Mrs. Sperry in rebuttal. Mrs. Sperry said she was the Maxwell house stenographer, and that on the day of the tragedy Colonel Cooper dictated a letter to her from a note or manuscript, and that she kept a carbon copy of it.

"Have you that carbon copy with you?"

"I have."

The state objected, saying the testimony was not properly sur-rebuttal, and the court finally sustained the objection.

"The defense rests," said Judge Anderson.

After it was agreed that each side should have three speeches, the court announced that the trial would begin Monday morning, and the court was adjourned.

TRAILED BY BLOODHOUNDS.
Man Accused of Diabolical Deed Landed in Seattle Jail.

Seattle, Wash., March 6.—George H. Smith of Duwamish is a prisoner in the King county jail, suspected as being the man who assaulted Mrs. Blanche Roseburg last night, choked her into insensibility and then placed her head on the tracks of the Columbia & Puget Sound railway, in such a position as to infer that it was the intention of the assailant to allow some passing train to blot out the evidence of his crime. Mrs. Roseburg is in a precarious condition.

The prompt work of the sheriff's posse, aided by two big bloodhounds, is responsible for the arrest of Elliott. The dogs took a trail directly up an almost perpendicular bank along the railroad tracks, through the woods directly to Elliott's home, half a mile from Duwamish.

MARRIED HER CHAUFFEUR.
Wealthy Sacramento Widow Starts the Tongues Wagging.

Sacramento, Cal., March 6.—Mrs. A. A. Van Voorhies and Arnold Patterson, her chauffeur, were married today at the home of Mrs. Henry Montford, the bride's mother. Mrs. Van Voorhies is the widow of bank late A. A. Van Voorhies, a former prosperous merchant of this city. She is one of the best known and wealthiest women in the city.

Patterson has been her chauffeur for about a year. The announcement started the tongues of all the gossips in the town going, as Mrs. Van Voorhies is 55 years old, while Patterson is but 30.

The couple left alone the steamer for San Francisco, taking their automobile with them. From San Francisco they will start on tour down the coast in their machine.

The romance began last summer, when Patterson was severely injured in an accident. While he was ill Mrs. Van Voorhies became very attentive to him, and a devotion began which resulted in the marriage.



Anti-Saloon League—"Get away from here; you don't belong to me."

DEATH BLOW TO B. Y. COLLEGE

Logan People Exercised Over
Over Action Eliminating Col-
lege Courses.

Logan, March 6.—There is considerable agitation going on here over the action of the Mormon church authorities in eliminating from the Brigham Young college all college courses, leaving it simply a high school, and it is probable that church representations will be made to the church chiefs regarding the matter.

Last year, when the question came up, a motion was put and passed in the B. Y. C. board meeting, at which Joseph P. Smith was present, that matters be left as they then were, but that if college work was to be done at one school only it should be done here.

People here were led to believe that that settled the controversy, but Provo got on the inside, it seems, and it is announced, has secured the college courses for the B. Y. U. of that place.

As high schools are springing up all over the country and in surrounding counties, people here regard this action as practically a death blow to the B. Y. C. and will likely endeavor to have the action rescinded.

UNION PACIFIC PROGRAM

Interchange of Traffic With the Wa-
bash at Kansas City Said to Be
Under Negotiation.

Chicago, March 6.—The Record-Herald tomorrow morning will say:

Negotiations are in progress which will, it is thought, eventually land for the Union Pacific line west of Kansas City the greatest traffic coup in its history.

It is understood that beginning early in May there will be an interchange of traffic between the Washash and the Union Pacific at Kansas City, which will be of immense value to each system.

The couple have not received the sanction of E. H. Harriman or of George J. Gould, but it is known that it is the purpose to interchange traffic well-nigh to the exclusion of all other connections.

The pending agreement may in a measure explain why Mr. Harriman was so ready to throw \$2,000,000 into the syndicates which loaned Gould \$5,000,000 to save some of his roads from bankruptcy.

BRYAN READY TO HELP.

Nebraskan Impressed by the War
Waged on Tuberculosis.

New York, March 6.—William J. Bryan announced today that he will join in the fight against the spread of tuberculosis. Mr. Bryan, who was in the city on his way to Newark, N. J., called on Mr. Strauss and discussed Mr. Strauss' long fight for the prevention of tuberculosis by the Pasteurization of milk.

Mr. Bryan said:

"I have been impressed with the splendid array of facts, vividly shown in the tuberculosis exhibition now in Philadelphia, and I hope that this exhibition will be brought out to the great west, so that the people out there can be shown the dangers and the way to overcome them by fresh air, healthful habits, cleanliness and the Pasteurization of milk. I hope to use the opportunities that I have in lecturing in various parts of the country to aid in this fight, and particularly to spread the knowledge of the fact that Nathan Strauss has demonstrated, namely, that milk can be saved from the list of causes of tuberculosis by Pasteurization."

FIRST THING IS TO RAISE MONEY

Logan People Exercised Over
Over Action Eliminating Col-
lege Courses.

Washington, March 6.—What views the incoming secretary of the treasury may hold as to the necessity for another bond issue are not known, but old officials, whose judgment is relied upon, do not regard a bond issue as at all imminent.

At this time the treasury has a working balance of \$65,000,000, and with customs receipts showing a considerable increase over a year ago, it is not anticipated that Secretary MacVeagh will favor an issue of bonds before midsummer. Under an act passed during the Spanish war, the secretary is given authority to issue treasury one-year certificates up to \$100,000,000.

The department can avail itself of this authority, or it may issue Panama canal bonds bearing 2 per cent, as against 3 per cent carried by the treasury certificates. The original act providing for the construction of the canal authorized the issue of bonds to the extent of \$75,000,000, which would leave the secretary with authority to issue at any time in his discretion bonds of this class amounting to \$4,500,000, or any part of it.

So far as known here, Mr. MacVeagh has not expressed himself as to which of these issues would best serve the public needs. But the old treasury officials, who are confidently counting on a prompt restoration of good business after the first of the next fiscal year, are disposed to believe that the treasury certificates would serve a better purpose than the issue of canal bonds.

FAILURE OF THE ARTIST

Picture of John Sharp Williams Not
Presented to the Distinguished
Democrat.

Washington, March 6.—When John Sharp Williams, for six years minority leader, left the house to rest two years before coming to the senate, he did not take with him any memento of the esteem in which his fellow-members held him. It was not the members' fault, however. They commissioned an artist at a fancy price to paint a portrait of the noted Mississippi statesman, but the product was so disappointing that none had the heart to present it.

"I know I am not handsome," commented Mr. Williams as he looked at the portrait, "but they could not have done worse if they had been painting Adam."

"When did he die?" inquired Vice President Sherman.

"I wouldn't give that to the man who had shot my dog," declared Representative Cushman of Washington, and the members decided he was right.

THE CLOCK SET BACK.

(Special to The Herald.)
Boise, Ida., March 6.—An agreement was reached today for final adjournment of the Idaho legislature at noon tomorrow. A session was held in each house tonight, and the calendar cleared of all bills that will likely go through.

The idea is not to act on any bills tomorrow, but spend the time cleaning up odds and ends incident to the closing. The minutes will show continuation of Saturday's session in order that there be no record proof of Sabbath day desecration.

BARLOW FINES WAY TO BEAT SLOT MACHINE

Every Nickel Teaser in Salt
Lake Closed by Order of
Police Chief.

STRICT EDICT ALLOWS
NO DAY OF GRACE

FORMAL NOTICE OBSERVED GEN-
ERALLY BY PROPRIETORS
IN THE CITY.

The fascinating whirl of the carded wheels as they spin around to anything from a blank to a royal flush (very seldom the latter, however,) is a thing of the past in Salt Lake City. The order for suspension of all slot machines was issued by Chief of Police S. M. Barlow yesterday afternoon, and the officers on the second relief, going on duty at 2 o'clock, were detailed to notify the proprietors of stores and saloons in which slot machines were being operated that their use must cease.

The order was sweeping and peremptory. No day of grace was given. Slot machines of all varieties, "trade" or money machines, whether operated in cigar stores, saloons, restaurants or drug stores, were put under the ban, and the instructions to the officers were that the order was effective immediately upon notice to the proprietor of the place, and that if the operation of a machine continued after the notice, the machine was to be confiscated and the proprietor arrested.

The order was generally obeyed, although one East First South street cigar store proprietor seemed inclined to doubt the sincerity of the order. The patrolman passing the store half an hour after he had given the chief's notice saw the machine being operated, and promptly confiscated it, and took the proprietor to the station. When the man called at the station, he was permitted to recover the device under the promise that he would obey the order. Generally, however, throughout the city the order was obeyed, and in many of the cigar stores, especially, where the play on the machine had always been heavy, there was an unusual quietness.

What the Chief Said.
When interviewed by a Herald reporter yesterday, Chief of Police Barlow said regarding his order prohibiting the further operation of slot machines:

"I regard the slot machine as one of the greatest temptations and pitfalls for young men. They are nothing more than gambling devices, and they will not be permitted to run."

"The officers on the second relief were instructed this afternoon to notify all proprietors operating machines, whether of the kind that pays back in trade or money, that they must stop their use. I don't want them to run any more. They can turn them towards the wall and let them stand as ornaments, or they can give them under the junk pile, but they can't operate them."

The order goes into effect immediately. Barlow said he thought it was a notice or even a day's grace. If any of the machines are found operating from this time on they will be confiscated and the proprietor of the place arrested."

WILL REDUCE WAGES.

Ohio Iron and Steel Men to Follow
Lead of Lackawanna.

Youngstown, O., March 6.—Wage reductions are predicted among the iron and steel workers within a week. It was announced here today that both the so-called trust and independent plants would be forced to cut wages 10 per cent following the wage reduction announced by the Lackawanna Steel company.

"By the president of the United States," said "WILLIAM H. TAFT, secretary of state."

SECOND DEGREE FORGERY

St. Louis Stenographer Aroused
From Her Bed and Arrested—Pro-
test of Members of W. C. T. U.

St. Louis, March 6.—Following the issuance of a warrant charging second degree forgery against Miss Hildegarde Hallen in connection with alleged irregularities performed by her former employer, M. D. Wright Fortner, leading members of the Women's Christian Temperance union protested today against the manner of the girl's arrest, which took place at an early hour this morning. Miss Hallen was roused from her bed at her home, 3909 Julian avenue, by detectives and was held incommunicado until the information against her had been issued in the prosecuting attorney's office.

The charge against Miss Hallen, who is a stenographer, is based on alleged illegal acts as a notary public. It is charged that she took acknowledgments to the signature of Mr. Fortner in the latter's absence, these signatures being attached to seven deeds of trust, which are declared fraudulent.

The police declare it their belief that the girl acted in ignorance of the real nature of the documents and absolved her from criminal intent.

M. D. Wright Fortner, her former employer, is a brother-in-law of Mrs. Handian Lemp, who was granted a divorce from her husband, Mr. Fortner, was a real estate broker. Before coming to St. Louis he was a hotel clerk in Little Rock, Ark., and in several Texas towns.

SAVED FROM GALLOWS.

Medina, O., March 6.—Guy Razor was found guilty of manslaughter late today by the jury trying him for the murder of his sweetheart, the Amagan, Oct. 8. The penalty is from one to twenty years in the penitentiary.

Razor and the young girl were friends from childhood, and were engaged to be married. The wedding had been postponed several times.

PLAGUE IN ECUADOR.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, March 6.—During the month of February sixty new cases of bubonic plague were reported in Guayaquil, of which eleven were fatal. Thirty-one cases of yellow fever also were reported during that month, of which sixteen were fatal.

BAILEY MAKES A PROTEST

Washington, March 6.—The senate today adjourned until the 15th instant. The credentials of Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin failed to arrive in time to permit him to be sworn in.

The senate went into executive session at 12:05 p. m. to consider nominations. The senate adjourned at 1:30 p. m. to consider nominations. The senate adjourned at 1:30 p. m. to consider nominations.

BLOWN CRUTCH MAY SEND HIM TO HIS ROOM

Police Are Convinced Meyers,
the Suspect in Custody, Is
Murderer of Burnett.

STAINS ON HIS SHOE ARE
SHOWN TO BE FRESH BLOOD

MEYERS MAINTAINS HIS INNO-
CENCE, BUT TELLS CON-
FLICTING STORIES.

In Hugh Meyers, the one-legged man, arrested in the American house last Thursday a few hours after the discovery of the mutilated body of John C. Barnett, the police believe they have the real murderer of the unfortunate painter and paper hanger, who was lured to his death for a few dollars.

Gradually a web of circumstantial evidence has been drawn around Meyers, and as the meshes are being drawn tighter, there seems little likelihood of the escape of Meyers from the direct accusation of being the actual murderer, or at least an accomplice.

The most important piece of evidence so far obtained, and which is strongly incriminates Meyers, is his crutch. It developed yesterday that the crutch exactly fits into the wounds on the head, and perfectly as to leave no room for doubt in the minds of the police that the crutch was the instrument used in the death-dealing blows.

In addition, several other important bits of evidence, all tending to fasten the crime on Meyers, were secured. In the running down of the evidence the detectives proved conclusively that the story told by Meyers in connection with the incidents of the night of the murder was false in many respects. He had, he claimed, been in the room at the time of the murder, and he had seen the murderer, and from which the blood-stained cuffs and sleeves had been torn off, was also found in a room in the Mabine saloon, and the officers are positive that the shirt belonged to Meyers.

Crutch Shows Bloodstains.
But the most telling evidence which brings Meyers under suspicion is his crutch. In spite of the fact that the crutch had been recently sandedpapered and scraped, several bloodstains still remain on it, and these bloodstains, as the officers pronounce to be of recent origin. Stronger still, however, is the fact that the crutch fits the wounds. A detective, Shields and Hurl, took the crutch to the morgue, taking with them the crutch. It was found that on the wound around the forehead, which showed an incision over the right eye, the rivet in the side of the crutch fitted into the slight hole, and that the side of the crutch, which was the wound. The wound on the right hand forming itself into a V shape corresponded to the fracture in the bone, and the convergence of the sides of the crutch. This latter blow was evidently struck while Meyers was attempting to protect himself from his assailant, and the direction of the wounds indicate that the blows were struck from the right.

Marks on the murdered man also show that he was also either strangled or throttled and that a piece of the bed sheeting was used for the purpose of stifling him. Whether Barnett was first strangled and then beaten over the head with the crutch, or whether he was first still, but from the wounds on the hands it is evident that he was strangled or throttled.

Sheets is Convinced.
Chief of Detective Sheets feels satisfied that the police have the murderer of Barnett and that within the next day or two sufficient evidence will be accumulated and connected up to convict Meyers of the brutal crime.

After his arrest Meyers said that he had arrived in Salt Lake Wednesday afternoon from Park City, in company with "Boston Joe" and some other hoboes, and that early in the evening he had rented a hall cot in the American house. According to his tale he had then gone to room 42 and laid down on the bed there to read a magazine, but had left there shortly after 7 o'clock when a man whom he did not know, entered the room. He had gone to his cot in the hall, only distant about twenty feet from room 42, the scene of the murder, but he went to sleep and did not arise until about 8 o'clock next morning. His story is contradicted, however, by the night watchman, the Amagan house, who says that some time after 9 o'clock when he took a man up to room 42 for the purpose of showing him a bed, Meyers was still in the room.

The theory held by the police is that Meyers either committed the murder alone, or that he was the principal and was accomplices. The supposition is that Meyers was lying in room 42 when Barnett, for some reason, came in, and that it was that he was simply wandering about the rooming house or had been "steered" there, entered the room. Then, according to the theory of the police Meyers either grappled with him and strangled him into insensibility before going through his pockets or struck him down with his crutch. In the former event, it is likely that fearful that Barnett would be able to identify him after his return to consciousness he beat him to death as he was recovering from his strangulation.

Shoe Carefully Washed.
Meyers has stoutly protested his innocence of any complicity in or knowledge of the crime, but he has not been able to account for the blood stain on his shoe and other parts of his clothing. The shoe shows that it had been carefully washed, but that the blood had soaked into the leather.

Continued on Page 2.